

Package ‘ELT’

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Type Package

Title Experience Life Tables

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Author Julien Tomas, Frederic Planchet, Wassim Youssef

Maintainer Wassim Youssef <Wassim.G.Youssef@gmail.com>

Description Build experience life tables.

License GPL (>= 2)

Depends R (>= 2.10.0), locfit, lattice, latticeExtra, xlsx

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| | |
|-------------|--|
| ELT-package | <i>ELT - A package to build Experience Life Tables</i> |
|-------------|--|

Description

Collection of functions that can be used following a pre-established procedure to build and validate actuarial life tables.

Details

| | |
|----------|----------------------------------|
| Package: | ELT |
| Type: | Package |
| Version: | 1.6 |
| Date: | 2016-04-10 |
| License: | GNU |
| Depends: | locfit,lattice,latticeExtra,xlsx |

The package is meant to be used following a pre-established procedure.

See the reference for more info.

Please notice that the package includes the following internal functions:

.BeforeAfterCompletion(); .ComparisonFitsMethods(); .ComparisonFitsMethodsLog(); .ComparisonResidualsMethods(); .ComparisonResidualsMethods(); .ComparisonTrendsMethods(); .CompletionDG2005(); .CompLevel1(); .CompLevel2(); .CompLevel3(); .DevFct(); .ExportHistoryInExcel(); .ExportPeriodicLifeExpInExcel(); .ExportSingleIndiciesInExcel(); .ExportValidationL1InExcel(); .ExportValidationL2InExcel(); .FctCohortLifeExp5(); .FctPerLifeExp(); .FctSingleIndices(); .FitPopsAfterCompletionLog(); .FittedDxtAndConfInt(); .GetCritLevel1(); .GetCritLevel2(); .GetCV(); .GetFitSim(); .GetHistory(); .GetQtiles(); .GetRelDisp(); .GetSimExp(); .PlotCrit(); .PlotCritChoice(); .PlotDIntConf(); .PlotExpQtile(); .PlotFittedYear(); .PlotFittedYearLog(); .PlotMethod(); .PlotParamCompletion(); .PlotPerExp(); .PlotRelDisp(); .PlotRes(); .ResFct(); .SimDxt(); .ValidationLevel3(); .WarningInvalidAge() .

These functions can be accessed with the prefix ELT::: using the following syntax: ELT:::[name of the function] . For example : ELT:::GetHistory(). See technical note II1291-15 (<http://www.ressources-actuarielles.net/gtmortalite>) for the arguments and examples of the functions.

References

Tomas, J. , Planchet, F. , *Prospective mortality tables and portfolio experience, Chapter 9 in Computational Actuarial Science, with R ; Arthur Charpentier Editor, Chapman, 2014*

Tomas, J. , Planchet, F. , *Constructing entity specific prospective mortality table : adjustment to a reference, Les cahiers de recherche de l'ISFA, 2013(13), pp.1-31, 2013.*

Tomas, J. , Planchet, F. , *Construction d'une table de mortalite par positionnement : Mode d'emploi, Institut des Actuaire, Rapport technique II1291-15, pp. 1-27, 2013*

Tomas, J. , Planchet, F. , *Criteres de Validation : Aspects Methodologiques, Institut des Actuaire, Rapport technique II1291-14, pp. 1-31, 2013*

Tomas, J. , Planchet, F. , *Methodes de positionnement : Aspects Methodologiques, Institut des Actuaire, Rapport technique II1291-12, pp. 1-12, 2013*

Denuit, M. and Goderniaux, A. C. (2005). *Closing and projecting life tables using log-linear models.* Bulletin of the Swiss Association of Actuaries, (1), 29-48

<http://www.ressources-actuarielles.net/gtmortalite> for data and exemple codes.

Examples

```
## Not run:
data(MyPortfolio)
data(ReferenceMale)
data(ReferenceFemale)

## ----- ##
## Initialize Age variables ##
## ----- ##

AgeRange <- 30:90
AgeCrit <- 30:90
AgeRef <- 30:95

History <- ReadHistory(MyPortfolio = MyPortfolio, DateBegObs = "1996/01/01",
DateEndObs = "2007/12/31", DateFormat = "

MyData <- AddReference(History = History, ReferenceMale = ReferenceMale,
ReferenceFemale = ReferenceFemale)

## ##### ##
## METHOD 1 ##### ##
## ##### ##

## ----- ##
## Execute method 1 ##
## ----- ##

OutputMethod1 <- Method1(MyData = MyData, AgeRange = AgeRange, Plot = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 1 by the 1st level criteria ##
## ----- ##
```

```

## ----- Execute 1st level criteria.

ValidationLevel1Method1 <- ValidationLevel1(OutputMethod = OutputMethod1, MyData = MyData,
  AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 1st level are not
## ----- satisfied, we can modify the age range used to compute the SMR
## ----- and reexecute
## ----- OutputMethod1 <- Method1(...)
## ----- and
## ----- ValidationLevel1Method1 <- ValidationLevel1(...).
## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 1st level are still not
## ----- satisfied, we turn to the method 2, and it is useless to
## ----- pursue the completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level.
## ----- We can also turn to method 3 or 4 to improve the fit at a cost
## ----- of a somewhat greeter complexity.

## ----- ##
## Validate method 1 by the 2nd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 2nd level criterions

ValidationLevel2Method1 <- ValidationLevel2(OutputMethod = OutputMethod1, MyData = MyData,
  AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level are not satisfied
## ----- we turn to the method 2 and it is useless to pursue the
## ----- completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the completion of the table and the criterions corresponding to
## ----- the 3rd level.

## ----- ##
## Completion Method 1 ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Age range for the selection of the optimal starting age.

AgeRangeOptMale <- AgeRangeOptFemale <- c(80, 80)

## ----- In theory, we could select the optimal starting age, however
## ----- the optimal starting age can vary a lot with the calendar years
## ----- leading to a relatively irregular surface. In practice, we
## ----- select then a fixed age for the whole years.

## ----- Starting age for which the fitted probabilities of the death are
## ----- replaced by the values obtained from the completion model.

BegAgeCompMale <- BegAgeCompFemale <- 85

```

```

## ----- We check if the completion is smoothed with graphical
## ----- diagnostics.

CompletionMethod1 <- CompletionA(OutputMethod = OutputMethod1, MyData = MyData,
  AgeRangeOptMale = AgeRangeOptMale, AgeRangeOptFemale = AgeRangeOptFemale,
  BegAgeCompMale = BegAgeCompMale, BegAgeCompFemale = BegAgeCompFemale, ShowPlot = T)

## ----- If the completion is not satisfying, we modify the values
## ----- AgeRangeOpt and BegAgeComp, and we repeat the previous script
## ----- CompletionA()
## ----- If the completion is satisfying, we execute

FinalMethod1 <- CompletionB(ModCompletion = CompletionMethod1, OutputMethod = OutputMethod1,
  MyData = MyData, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 1 by the 3rd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 3rd level criterions

ValidationLevel3Method1 <- ValidationLevel3(FinalMethod = FinalMethod1, MyData = MyData,
  Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Coef Varition, Conf int. and rel. disp. of fitted per. life exp. ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Compute the coefficient of variation, confidence intervals and
## ----- relative dispersion of the fitted peridodic life expectancies

DispersionMethod1 <- Dispersion(FinalMethod = FinalMethod1, MyData = MyData, Plot = T, NbSim = 10)

## ##### ##
## METHOD 2 ##### ##
## ##### ##

## ----- ##
## Execute method 2 ##
## ----- ##

OutputMethod2 <- Method2(MyData = MyData, AgeRange = AgeRange, Plot = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 2 by the 1st level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 1st level criteria.

ValidationLevel1Method2 <- ValidationLevel1(OutputMethod = OutputMethod2, MyData = MyData,
  AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Plot = T, Excel = T)

```

```

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 1st level are not
## ----- satisfied, we turn to the method 3, and it is useless to
## ----- pursue the completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level.
## ----- We can also turn to method 4 to improve the fit at a cost
## ----- of a somewhat greeter complexity.

## ----- ##
## Validate method 2 by the 2nd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 2nd level criterions

ValidationLevel2Method2 <- ValidationLevel2(OutputMethod = OutputMethod2, AgeCrit = AgeCrit,
  ValCrit = 0.05, MyData = MyData, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level are not satisfied
## ----- we turn to the method 3 and it is useless to pursue the
## ----- completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the completion of the table and the criterions corresponding to
## ----- the 3rd level.

## ----- ##
## Completion Method 2 ##
## ----- ##

## ----- We check if the completion is smoothed with graphical
## ----- diagnostics.

CompletionMethod2 <- CompletionA(OutputMethod = OutputMethod2, MyData = MyData,
  AgeRangeOptMale = AgeRangeOptMale, AgeRangeOptFemale = AgeRangeOptFemale,
  BegAgeCompMale = BegAgeCompMale, BegAgeCompFemale = BegAgeCompFemale, ShowPlot = T)

## ----- If the completion is not satisfying, we modify the values
## ----- AgeRangeOpt and BegAgeComp, and we repeat the previous script
## ----- CompletionA()
## ----- If the completion is satisfying, we execute

FinalMethod2 <- CompletionB(ModCompletion = CompletionMethod2, OutputMethod = OutputMethod2,
  MyData = MyData, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 2 by the 3rd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 3rd level criterions

ValidationLevel3Method2 <- ValidationLevel3(FinalMethod = FinalMethod2, MyData = MyData,
  Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##

```

```

## Coef Varition, Conf int. and rel. disp. of fitted per. life exp.      ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Compute the coefficient of variation, confidence intervals and
## ----- relative dispersion of the fitted peridodic life expectancies

DispersionMethod2 <- Dispersion(FinalMethod = FinalMethod2, MyData = MyData, Plot = T, NbSim = 10)

## ##### ##
## METHOD 3 ##### ##
## ##### ##

## ----- ##
## Execute method 3 ##
## ----- ##

OutputMethod3 <- Method3(MyData = MyData, AgeRange = AgeRange, Plot = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 3 by the 1st level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 1st level criteria.

ValidationLevel1Method3 <- ValidationLevel1(OutputMethod = OutputMethod3, MyData = MyData,
AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 1st level are not
## ----- satisfied, we turn to the method 4, and it is useless to
## ----- pursue the completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level.

## ----- ##
## Validate method 3 by the 2nd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 2nd level criterions

ValidationLevel2Method3 <- ValidationLevel2(OutputMethod = OutputMethod3, MyData = MyData,
AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level are not satisfied
## ----- we turn to the method 4 and it is useless to pursue the
## ----- completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the completion of the table and the criterions corresponding to
## ----- the 3rd level.

## ----- ##
## Completion Method 3 ##
## ----- ##

```

```

## ----- We check if the completion is smoothed with graphical
## ----- diagnostics.

CompletionMethod3 <- CompletionA(OutputMethod = OutputMethod3, MyData = MyData,
AgeRangeOptMale = AgeRangeOptMale, AgeRangeOptFemale = AgeRangeOptFemale,
  BegAgeCompMale = BegAgeCompMale, BegAgeCompFemale = BegAgeCompFemale, ShowPlot = T)

## ----- If the completion is not satisfying, we modify the values
## ----- AgeRangeOpt and BegAgeComp, and we repeat the previous script
## ----- CompletionA()
## ----- If the completion is satisfying, we execute

FinalMethod3 <- CompletionB(ModCompletion = CompletionMethod3, OutputMethod = OutputMethod3,
MyData = MyData, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 3 by the 3rd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 3rd level criterions

ValidationLevel3Method3 <- ValidationLevel3(FinalMethod = FinalMethod3, MyData = MyData,
  Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Coef Varition, Conf int. and rel. disp. of fitted per. life exp. ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Compute the coefficient of variation, confidence intervals and
## ----- relative dispersion of the fitted peridodic life expectancies

DispersionMethod3 <- Dispersion(FinalMethod = FinalMethod3, MyData = MyData, Plot = T, NbSim = 10)

## ##### ##
## METHOD 4 ##### ##
## ##### ##

## ----- ##
## Execute method 4 ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute method 4 first part.

OutputMethod4PartOne <- Method4A(MyData = MyData, AgeRange = AgeRange, AgeCrit = AgeCrit,
  ShowPlot = T)

## ----- Select the optimal smoothing parameters.

## ----- Execute method 4 second part.

OutputMethod4 <- Method4B(PartOne, MyData = MyData, OptMale = c(1, 16),
  OptFemale = c(1, 14), Plot = T)

```



```

## ----- ##
## Validate method 4 by the 1st level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 1st level criteria.

ValidationLevel1Method4 <- ValidationLevel1(OutputMethod = OutputMethod4, MyData = MyData,
  AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 1st level are not
## ----- satisfied, we turn to the method 4, and it is useless to
## ----- pursue the completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level.

## ----- ##
## Validate method 4 by the 2nd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Execute 2nd level criterions

ValidationLevel2Method4 <- ValidationLevel2(OutputMethod = OutputMethod4, MyData = MyData,
  AgeCrit = AgeCrit, ValCrit = 0.05, Excel = T)

## ----- If the criterions corresponding to the 2nd level are not satisfied
## ----- we turn to the method 4 and it is useless to pursue the
## ----- completion of the table and the validation.
## ----- If the criterions are satisfied, we continue the validation with
## ----- the completion of the table and the criterions corresponding to
## ----- the 3rd level.

## ----- ##
## Completion Method 4 ##
## ----- ##

## ----- We check if the completion is smoothed with graphical
## ----- diagnostics.

CompletionMethod4 <- CompletionA(OutputMethod = OutputMethod4, MyData = MyData,
  AgeRangeOptMale = AgeRangeOptMale, AgeRangeOptFemale = AgeRangeOptFemale,
  BegAgeCompMale = BegAgeCompMale, BegAgeCompFemale = BegAgeCompFemale, ShowPlot = T)

## ----- If the completion is not satisfying, we modify the values
## ----- AgeRangeOpt and BegAgeComp, and we repeat the previous script
## ----- CompletionA()
## ----- If the completion is satisfying, we execute

FinalMethod4 <- CompletionB(ModCompletion = CompletionMethod4, OutputMethod = OutputMethod4,
  MyData = MyData, Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Validate method 4 by the 3rd level criteria ##
## ----- ##

```

```

## ----- Execute 3rd level criterions

ValidationLevel3Method4 <- ValidationLevel3(FinalMethod = FinalMethod4, MyData = MyData,
Plot = T, Excel = T)

## ----- ##
## Coef Varition, Conf int. and rel. disp. of fitted per. life exp.      ##
## ----- ##

## ----- Set the number of simulations

## ----- Compute the coefficient of variation, confidence intervals and
## ----- relative dispersion of the fitted peridodic life expectancies

DispersionMethod4 <- Dispersion(FinalMethod = FinalMethod4, MyData = MyData, Plot = T, NbSim = 10)

## ##### ##
## COMPARISON OF THE METHODS ##### ##
## ##### ##

## ----- Once we have fitted the data with a number of methods, we can
## ----- compare them. In the following, we compare the fitted
## ----- probabilities of death in original and log scale, the
## ----- residuals, the fitted deaths as well as the coherence of the
## ----- extrapolated mortality trends

## ----- You can change the color vector for comparison, color need to
## ----- be in html format

## ----- Store the output into a list

ListOutputs <- list(OutputMethod1, OutputMethod2, OutputMethod3, OutputMethod4)
ListValidationLevel1 <- list(ValidationLevel1Method1, ValidationLevel1Method2,
ValidationLevel1Method3, ValidationLevel1Method4)
ListValidationLevel2 <- list(ValidationLevel2Method1, ValidationLevel2Method2,
ValidationLevel2Method3, ValidationLevel2Method4)
ListValidationLevel3 <- list(ValidationLevel3Method1, ValidationLevel3Method2,
ValidationLevel3Method3, ValidationLevel3Method4)

ComparisonsMethodsLevels123 <- ComparisonMethods(ListOutputs, ListValidationLevel1,
ListValidationLevel2, ListValidationLevel3, MyData = MyData, Plot = T, AgeCrit = AgeCrit)

## End(Not run)

```

AddReference

AddReference function.

Description

This function imports reference tables.

Usage

```
AddReference(History, ReferenceMale = NULL, ReferenceFemale = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| History | History as returned by the ReadHistory function. |
| ReferenceMale | data.frame representing the reference table. See data(ReferenceMale) for the format. |
| ReferenceFemale | data.frame representing the reference table. See data(ReferenceFemale) for the format. |

| | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|
| ComparisonMethods | <i>ComparisonMethods function</i> |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------|

Description

This function compares two or several methods using the three groups of criteria from the validation process.

Usage

```
ComparisonMethods(ListOutputs, ListValidationLevel1, ListValidationLevel2,
  ListValidationLevel3, MyData = MyData, Plot = F,
  ColorComp = c("#FF6590", "#309BFF", "#AD79FC", "#3CAB5F"),
  LtyComp = rep(1, 4), AgeCrit)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------------------|---|
| ListOutputs | For the comparisons of n methods, a list of n elements containing the returned value of the functions Methodn(). |
| ListValidationLevel1 | For the comparisons of n methods, a list of n elements containing the returned value of the function ValidationLevel1() for each of the n methods. |
| ListValidationLevel2 | For the comparisons of n methods, a list of n elements containing the returned value of the function ValidationLevel2() for each of the n methods. |
| ListValidationLevel3 | For the comparisons of n methods, a list of n elements containing the returned value of the function ValidationLevel3() for each of the n methods. |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots corresponding to the smoothed surface. |
| ColorComp | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). For the comparisons of n methods, ColorComp is a vector of length n. |
| LtyComp | Vector of parameters (length n) for the lty plot parameter. |
| AgeCrit | Age range for the comparison of adjusted mortality and observed mortality. |

CompletionA *CompletionA function*

Description

This function executes the first part of table closure using Denuit and Goderniaux (2005)

Usage

```
CompletionA(OutputMethod, MyData, AgeRangeOptMale, AgeRangeOptFemale,
  BegAgeCompMale, BegAgeCompFemale, Color = MyData$Param$Color,
  ShowPlot = T)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------|---|
| OutputMethod | The list returned by one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B(). |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| AgeRangeOptMale | Age range from which the optimal starting age is selected for males |
| AgeRangeOptFemale | Age range from which the optimal starting age is selected for females |
| BegAgeCompMale | For ages after BegAgeCompMale, observed death probability is replaced by the model output. |
| BegAgeCompFemale | For ages after BegAgeCompFemale, observed death probability is replaced by the model output. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |
| ShowPlot | If true, create graphics comparing Before/After the completion create graphics of the completed surfaces. |

CompletionB *CompletionB function*

Description

This function executes the second part of table closure

Usage

```
CompletionB(ModCompletion, OutputMethod, MyData, Color = MyData$Param$Color,
  Plot = F, Excel = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|--|
| ModCompletion | Output of the function CompletionA(). |
| OutputMethod | The list returned by one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B(). |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |
| Plot | If true, create graphics. |
| Excel | If true, create Excel files. |

 Dispersion

Dispersion function

Description

This function allows to calculate confidence intervals for period life expectancies.

Usage

```
Dispersion(FinalMethod, MyData, NbSim, CompletionTable = T, Plot = F,
           Color = MyData$Param$Color)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| FinalMethod | The list returned by the CompletionB() function. |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| NbSim | The number of simulations for the Dispersion. |
| CompletionTable | If TRUE, apply completion |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots describing the validation analysis. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |

FctMethod1 *FctMethod1 function*

Description

FctMethod1() is an alternative to Method1(). It allows to process the smoothing without using a "Data" object and by defining all the needed parameters independently.

Usage

```
FctMethod1(d, e, qref, x1, x2, t1, t2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| d | Number of deaths. |
| e | Exposure to risk. |
| qref | Mortality rates in Reference Table. |
| x1 | Age range used for calculation. |
| x2 | Age range of reference table. |
| t1 | Calendar years used for the calculation. It corresponds to the common years among observations and the reference table. |
| t2 | Calendar years of the reference. |

FctMethod2 *FctMethod2 function*

Description

FctMethod2() is an alternative to Method2(). It allows to process the smoothing without using a "Data" object and by defining all the needed parameters independently.

Usage

```
FctMethod2(d, e, qref, x1, x2, t1, t2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| d | Number of deaths. |
| e | Exposure to risk. |
| qref | Mortality rates in Reference Table. |
| x1 | Age range used for calculation. |
| x2 | Age range of reference table. |
| t1 | Calendar years used for the calculation. It corresponds to the common years among observations and the reference table. |
| t2 | Calendar years of the reference. |

FctMethod3 *FctMethod3 function*

Description

FctMethod3() is an alternative to Method3(). It allows to process the smoothing without using a "Data" object and by defining all the needed parameters independently.

Usage

```
FctMethod3(d, e, qref, x1, x2, t1, t2)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| d | Number of deaths. |
| e | Exposure to risk. |
| qref | Mortality rates in Reference Table. |
| x1 | Age range used for calculation. |
| x2 | Age range of reference table. |
| t1 | Calendar years used for the calculation. It corresponds to the common years among observations and the reference table. |
| t2 | Calendar years of the reference. |

FctMethod4_1stPart *FctMethod4_1stPart function*

Description

FctMethod4_1stPart() is an alternative to Method4A(). It allows to process the smoothing without using a "Data" object and by defining all the needed parameters independently.

Usage

```
FctMethod4_1stPart(d, e, qref, x1, x2, t1)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| d | Number of deaths. |
| e | Exposure to risk. |
| qref | Mortality rates in Reference Table. |
| x1 | Age range used for calculation. |
| x2 | Age range of reference table. |
| t1 | Calendar years used for the calculation. It corresponds to the common years among observations and the reference table. |

FctMethod4_2ndPart *FctMethod4_2ndPart function*

Description

FctMethod4_2ndPart() is an alternative to Method4B(). It allows to process the smoothing without using a "Data" object and by defining all the needed parameters independently.

Usage

```
FctMethod4_2ndPart(d, e, qref, x1, x2, t1, t2, P.Opt, h.Opt)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|---|
| d | Number of deaths. |
| e | Exposure to risk. |
| qref | Mortality rates in Reference Table. |
| x1 | Age range used for calculation. |
| x2 | Age range of reference table. |
| t1 | Calendar years used for the calculation. It corresponds to the common years among observations and the reference table. |
| t2 | Calendar years of the reference table. |
| P.Opt | Degree of approximation. |
| h.Opt | Window width. |

Method1 *Method1 function*

Description

This function fits the Qxt using method 1 (SMR method, see reference).

Usage

```
Method1(MyData, AgeRange, Plot = F, Color = MyData$Param$Color)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| AgeRange | Age range used for the calculation of the SMR. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots corresponding to the smoothed surface. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |

| | |
|---------|-------------------------|
| Method2 | <i>Method2 function</i> |
|---------|-------------------------|

Description

This function fits the Qxt using method 2 (two parameters relational method, see reference).

Usage

```
Method2(MyData, AgeRange, Plot = F, Color = MyData$Param$Color)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| AgeRange | Age range used for the calculation of the parameters. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots corresponding to the smoothed surface. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |

| | |
|---------|-------------------------|
| Method3 | <i>Method3 function</i> |
|---------|-------------------------|

Description

This function fits the Qxt using method 3 (Poisson GLM, see reference).

Usage

```
Method3(MyData, AgeRange, Plot = F, Color = MyData$Param$Color)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|---|
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| AgeRange | Age range used for the calculation of the parameters of the Poisson model. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots corresponding to the smoothed surface. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |

| | |
|----------|--------------------------|
| Method4A | <i>Method4A function</i> |
|----------|--------------------------|

Description

This function fits the Qxt using method 4 (first step) (non-parametric smoothing, see reference).

Usage

```
Method4A(MyData, AgeRange, AgeCrit, ShowPlot = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| AgeRange | Age range used for the construction of the life table. |
| AgeCrit | Age range for the comparison of adjusted mortality and observed mortality. |
| ShowPlot | AIC plots and plots allowing to judge about the fit. |

| | |
|----------|--------------------------|
| Method4B | <i>Method4B function</i> |
|----------|--------------------------|

Description

This function fits the Qxt using method 4 (second step) (non-parametric smoothing, see reference).

Usage

```
Method4B(PartOne, MyData, OptMale, OptFemale, Plot = F, ShowPlot = F,
  Color = MyData$Param$Color)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| PartOne | The list returned by the Method4A() function. |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| OptMale | Optimal smoothing parameters, obtained from the graphics generated by Method4A() for the male population. |
| OptFemale | Optimal smoothing parameters, obtained from the graphics generated by Method4A() for the female population. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots corresponding to the smoothed surface. |
| ShowPlot | If true, show plots. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |

 MyPortfolio

MyPortfolio used for the exemple.

Description

Artificial Portfolio data exemple.

Usage

```
data(MyPortfolio)
```

Examples

```
data(MyPortfolio)
```

 NoCompletion

NoCompletion function

Description

This function allows to keep the adjustment used by the locating method for high ages (for methods 1, 2 or 3).

Usage

```
NoCompletion(OutputMethod, MyData, Color = MyData$Param$Color, Plot = F,
  Excel = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| OutputMethod | The list returned by one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B(). |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |
| Plot | If TRUE, final mortality surfaces will be saved in Results/Graphics/FinalTables |
| Excel | If TRUE, final tables will be saved in Results/Excel/FinalTables.xlsx |

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| ReadHistory | <i>readHistory function</i> |
|-------------|-----------------------------|

Description

This function reads a data.frame and calculates exposure and number of deaths. This is the first function the user must call to build a mortality table.

Usage

```
ReadHistory(MyPortfolio, DateBegObs, DateEndObs, DateFormat, Plot = F,
           Color = "#A4072E", Excel = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| MyPortfolio | MyPortfolio is a data.frame of 6 columns as follows : -Id : Id for the line ; -Gender : Male or Female ; -DateOfBirth : aaaa/mm/jj ; -DateIn : aaaa/mm/jj ; -DateOut : aaaa/mm/jj ; -Status : "other" or "deceased". |
| DateBegObs | Date for the beginning of the observations. |
| DateEndObs | Date for the end of the observations. |
| DateFormat | Date format as expected by the as.Date R function. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots corresponding to the smoothed surface. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |
| Excel | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains excel files corresponding to the smoothed surface. |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| ReferenceFemale | <i>ReferenceFemale used for the exemple.</i> |
|-----------------|--|

Description

This data corresponds to an adjusted version of the French national demographic projections INSEE 2060 for the female population.

Usage

```
data(ReferenceFemale)
```

Examples

```
data(ReferenceFemale)
```

| | |
|---------------|--|
| ReferenceMale | <i>ReferenceMale used for the exemple.</i> |
|---------------|--|

Description

This data corresponds to an adjusted version of the French national demographic projections INSEE 2060 for the male population.

Usage

```
data(ReferenceMale)
```

Examples

```
data(ReferenceMale)
```

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| SurfacePlot | <i>SurfacePlot function</i> |
|-------------|-----------------------------|

Description

Allows to plot a surface.

Usage

```
SurfacePlot(xx, zexpr, mainexpr, axis, cc)
```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| xx | data as matrix. |
| zexpr | Title of z axis. |
| mainexpr | Name for the graphic. |
| axis | c(min(abscissa), max(abscissa), min(ordinate), max(ordinate)). |
| cc | Color. |

ValidationLevel1 *ValidationLevel1 function*

Description

This function performs the first level of validation on the returned value of one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B().

Usage

```
ValidationLevel1(OutputMethod, MyData, ValCrit, AgeCrit, Plot = F,
  Color = MyData$Param$Color, Excel = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| OutputMethod | The list returned by one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B(). |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| ValCrit | Critical value for the comparison of adjusted mortality and observed mortality. |
| AgeCrit | Age range for the comparison of adjusted mortality and observed mortality. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots describing the validation analysis. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |
| Excel | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains excel files describing the validation analysis. |

ValidationLevel2 *ValidationLevel2 function*

Description

This function performs the second level of validation on the returned value of one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B() (see reference).

Usage

```
ValidationLevel2(OutputMethod, MyData, ValCrit, AgeCrit, Excel = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|--|
| OutputMethod | The list returned by one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B(). |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| ValCrit | Critical value for the comparison of adjusted mortality and observed mortality. |
| AgeCrit | Age range for the comparison of adjusted mortality and observed mortality. |
| Excel | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains excel files describing the validation analysis. |

| | |
|------------------|----------------------------------|
| ValidationLevel3 | <i>ValidationLevel3 function</i> |
|------------------|----------------------------------|

Description

This function performs the third level of validation on the returned value of one of these functions : Method1(), Method2(), Method3() or Method4B().

Usage

```
ValidationLevel3(FinalMethod, MyData, Plot = F, Color = MyData$Param$Color,
  Excel = F)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| FinalMethod | The list returned by the CompletionB() function. |
| MyData | The list returned by the AddReference() function. |
| Plot | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains png plots describing the validation analysis. |
| Color | The color that will be used for the plots (HTML notation). |
| Excel | If set to TRUE, a sub-directory will be created in the working directory. This sub-directory will contains excel files describing the validation analysis. |

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