Package 'quartabs'

March 14, 2025

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Title Dynamically Generate Tabset Panels in 'Quarto' HTML Documents	
Version 0.1.0	
Description Dynamically generate tabset panels https://quarto.org/docs/output-formats/html-basics.html#tabsets in 'Quarto' HTML documents using a data frame as input.	
License MIT + file LICENSE	
<pre>URL https://sayuks.github.io/quartabs/,</pre>	
https://github.com/sayuks/quartabs	
<pre>BugReports https://github.com/sayuks/quartabs/issues</pre>	
Suggests altdoc, dplyr (>= 1.0.0), DT, flextable, gt (>= 0.9.0), htmltools, knitr, plotly, purrr, quarto, reactable, sessioninfo, spelling, testthat (>= 3.0.0), tibble, tidyr, tinytable, utils	
Config/testthat/edition 3	
Encoding UTF-8	
Language en-US	
RoxygenNote 7.3.2	
NeedsCompilation no	
Author Yusuke Sasaki [aut, cre]	
Maintainer Yusuke Sasaki <sayuks.dev@gmail.com></sayuks.dev@gmail.com>	
Repository CRAN	
Date/Publication 2025-03-14 12:50:02 UTC	
Contents	
render_tabset	2
Index	5

2 render_tabset

render_tabset

Dynamically Generate Tabset Panels in Quarto HTML Documents

Description

render_tabset() takes a data frame as input and outputs the markdown that generates the tabset to stdout (console). Only works with Quarto HTML documents.

Usage

```
render_tabset(
  data,
  tabset_vars,
  output_vars,
  sort = TRUE,
  layout = NULL,
  heading_levels = NULL,
  pills = FALSE,
  tabset_width = "default"
)
```

Arguments

data A data frame.

subset(). Accepts raw column names, strings, numbers and logical values.

output_vars Columns to display in each tabset panel. Internally passed to the select argu-

ment of subset(). Accepts raw column names, strings, numbers and logical

values.

sort Logical, whether to sort the data with tabset_vars. The default is TRUE. If

FALSE, the tabset will be output in the original order of the data.

layout NULL or a character vector of length 1 for specifying layout in tabset panel.

If not NULL, layout must begin with at least three or more repetitions of ":" (e.g. ":::"). Closing div (e.g. ":::") is inserted automatically. See for details:

https://quarto.org/docs/authoring/figures.html#complex-layouts.

heading_levels

NULL or a vector consisting of natural numbers and missing values. The length is equal to the number of columns specified in tabset_vars. This controls whether it is partially (or entirely) displayed as normal header instead of tabset.

- If heading_levels is a NULL, all output is tabset.
- If heading_levels is a vector of positive natural number, the elements of the vector correspond to the columns specified in tabset_vars.
 - If the element is integer, the tabset column is displayed as headers with their level, not tabset. (e.g. 2 means h2 header). Levels 1 to 6 are recommended. The reason is that quarto supports headers up to 6. 7 and above will also work, but they are displayed as normal text. In

render_tabset 3

addition, considering the chapter format, it is preferable to gradually increase the level, as in 1, 2 and 3.

- If the element is NA, tabset is displayed.

pills Logical, use pills or not. See https://getbootstrap.com/docs/5.2/components/

navs-tabs/#pills for details. If heading_levels is specified, this will be ig-

nored.

tabset_width Character, one of "default", "fill" and "justified". See https://getbootstrap.

com/docs/5.2/components/navs-tabs/#fill-and-justify for details. If

heading_levels is specified, this will be ignored.

Details

• Write #| results: asis at the beginning of the chunk or results='asis' in the chunk options.

- If multiple tabset_vars are given, create nested tabsets.
- For columns specified in output_vars, columns of type list are output with print() and normal columns are output with cat().
- If tabset_vars or output_vars have "factor", "Date" and "POSIXt" columns, they are converted internally to character. This is to prevent it being displayed as numeric when cat() is executed. If sort = TRUE, sorting is performed before conversion to string.

Value

NULL invisibly. This function outputs the markdown that generates the tabset to stdout (console).

Limitations

- layout is intended for simplified use cases and complex layouts may not work.
- When outputting tables or figures that use JavaScript (such as {plotly}, {leaflet}, {DT}, {reactable}, etc.), it seems JavaScript dependencies need to be resolved. A simple solution is to wrap the output in htmltools::div() and create a dummy plot in another chunk. See the Get started for details.
- When tabset_vars and output_vars have the following columns, they may not display well:
 - A column of type list contains a named vector or list (This is for output_vars. tabset_vars must not contain list columns).
 - Classes with their own printing methods, such as "difftime", "ts", .etc.
- When specifying a list-type column that includes ggplot objects in output_vars, setting the chunk option echo: fenced may cause the plots to not display correctly.

References

As this function is focused on quickly and dynamically generating tabsets and chunks, it is difficult to customize it on a chunk-by-chunk basis. The regular way to dynamically create chunks is to use functions such as knitr::knit(), knitr::knit_child(), knitr::knit_expand(), etc. For more information on these, see the following links.

render_tabset

- Heiss, Andrew. 2024. "Guide to Generating and Rendering Computational Markdown Content Programmatically with Quarto." November 4, 2024. doi:10.59350/pa44jcc302.
- https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown-cookbook/child-document.html#child-document
- https://bookdown.org/yihui/rmarkdown-cookbook/knit-expand.html

Examples

```
# sample data
df <- data.frame(</pre>
  group1 = c(rep("A", 3), rep("B", 3)),
  group2 = rep(c("X", "Y", "Z"), 2),
  value1 = 1:6,
  value2 = letters[1:6]
)
# Here are examples of the output before it is converted to tabset.
# If you want it to actually work, in the .qmd file,
# set `results='asis'` in the chunk options or
# write `#| results: asis` at the beginning of the chunk.
# Basic usage
render_tabset(df, group1, value1)
# Nested tabset, two outputs side by side with a width of 1:1
render_tabset(
  df,
  c(group1, group2),
  c(value1, value2),
  layout = "::: {layout-ncol=2}"
# Use heading instead of tabset
render_tabset(
  df,
  c(group1, group2),
  value1,
  heading_levels = c(2, 3)
```

Index

```
cat(), 3
htmltools::div(), 3
knitr::knit(), 3
knitr::knit_child(), 3
knitr::knit_expand(), 3
print(), 3
render_tabset, 2
subset(), 2
```